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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.			
10/067,747	02/08/2002	Ryo Yamada	Y1600.0001/P001	9293			
7.	590 01/18/2006		EXAM	INER			
	SHAPIRO MORIN & C	SHINSKY LLP	Li, Si	HI K			
New York, NY	f the Americas 7 10036-2714		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
•			2633				
			DATE MAILED: 01/18/2006				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
A C C C C C C C C C C	10/067,747	YAMADA, RYO	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Shi K. Li	2633	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence add	ress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT ate, cause the application to become ABA	ATION. ply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this com ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09</u> 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) Th 3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matte	• •	merits is
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-12,14 and 16-21 is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-12,14 and 16-21 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and are subject to restriction and are subject to by the Examination Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examination Papers 10) The drawing(s) filed on 09 November 2005 is Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correctable.	awn from consideration. /or election requirement. ner. /are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ e drawing(s) be held in abeyanderstion is required if the drawing(s)	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR	R 1.121(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action of form PTC	J-15Z.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Ap ority documents have been r au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National S	tage
Attachment(s)		/Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PTO-1	52)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 2. Claims 1 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Baworntummarat et al. (C. Baworntummarat et al., "On the Comparison of Optical WDM Mesh Network Protection Strategies", MIL COM 2000, 22-25 Oct 2000).

Regarding claims 1 and 9, Baworntummarat et al. teaches protection scheme for a WDM mesh network (e.g., FIG. 1 or FIG. 4). Each network comprises a plurality of nodes each of which has crossconnect (see first paragraph of "Introduction"). Baworntummarat et al. teaches on page 887, left col., fourth paragraph disjoint path protection wherein two physically disjoint paths are chosen for a connect request such that one of the path is selected as active (working) while the other path is considered as a backup. Baworntummarat et al. teaches on page 887, right col., first paragraph to use node disjoint paths as working/standby pair. Two node-disjoint paths between a pair of nodes (source and destination) form a ring. It is understood that when a failure occurs, traffic is switched from working path to standby path.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

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having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 2-7, 10-12, 14 and 16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baworntummarat et al. (C. Baworntummarat et al., "On the Comparison of Optical WDM Mesh Network Protection Strategies", MIL COM 2000, 22-25 Oct 2000) in view of Lu (U.S. Patent 5,815,490).

Baworntummarat et al. has been discussed above in regard to claims 1 and 9. Regarding claims 2 and 16, the difference between Baworntummarat et al. and the claimed invention is that Baworntummarat et al. does not teach a ring map. Lu teaches in FIGS. 4A-4E and FIG. 6a portion of a ring table comprising link information, node ID and ring ID. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the teaching of Lu with the ring configuration method of Baworntummarat et al. to maintain a ring table because a ring table keeps track of provisioning information that is necessary for performing protection switch. Thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to maintain a ring table, as taught by Lu, in the ring configuration method of Baworntummarat et al. because a ring table keeps track of provisioning information that is necessary for performing protection switch.

Regarding claims 3 and 17, Lu teaches in col. 8, lines 22-46 WDM-based optical network.

Regarding claims 4-5, 10-12 and 18-19, Lu teaches in FIG. 4A that a ring has a ring ID and teaches in FIG. 4D that a node has node ID. In a situation where a node belongs to a plurality of rings, it is obvious to use the ring ID together with the node ID to identify a node.

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That is, if a node belongs to the same ring, it has the same ring ID/node ID combination. For two different rings, a node common to the two rings has different ring ID/node ID combinations.

Regarding claim 6, Baworntummarat et al. teaches on page 887, left col., fourth paragraph that restoration paths can be shared among active paths.

Regarding claims 7 and 20, Lu teaches in FIG. 1B a subnetwork controller SNC for ring management.

Regarding claim 14, Lu teaches in col. 8, lines 22-46 WDM-based optical network.

5. Claims 8 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baworntummarat et al. (C. Baworntummarat et al., "On the Comparison of Optical WDM Mesh Network Protection Strategies", MIL COM 2000, 22-25 Oct 2000) in view of Lu (U.S. Patent 5,815,490) in view of Ramamurthy et al. (R. Ramamurthy et al., "Capacity Performance of Dynamic Provisioning in Optical Networks", Journal of Lightwave Technology, Vol. 19, No. 1, January 2001).

Baworntummarat et al. has been discussed above in regard to claims 1 and 9. The difference between Baworntummarat et al. and the claimed invention is that Baworntummarat et al. does not teach a distributed manner for generating network map and setting up paths.

Ramamurthy et al. teaches in p. 42, Section C to use distributed routing protocol such as OSPF and its extension to collect network information. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the teaching of Ramamurthy et al. with the ring configuration method of Baworntummarat et al. because a distributed network management system scales well as the size of the network increases and has high reliability. Thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use distributed routing protocol for

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generating network map and setting up paths, as taught by Ramamurthy et al., in the ring

configuration method of Baworntummarat et al. because a distributed network management

system scales well as the size of the network increases and has high reliability.

Response to Arguments

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6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-12, 14 and 16-21 have been considered

but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Shi K. Li whose telephone number is 571 272-3031. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (8:30 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Jason Chan can be reached on 571 272-3022. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

skl

10 January 2006

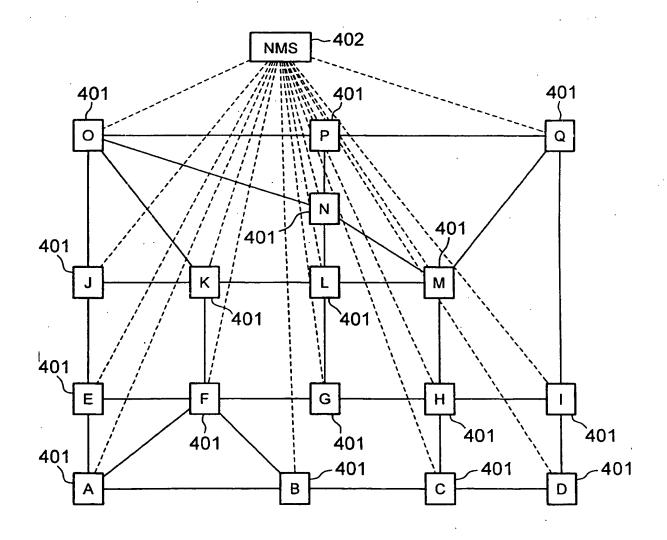
SKiG'S

Shi K. Li

Patent Examiner



FIG. 1



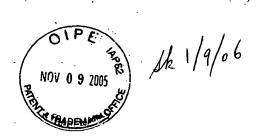
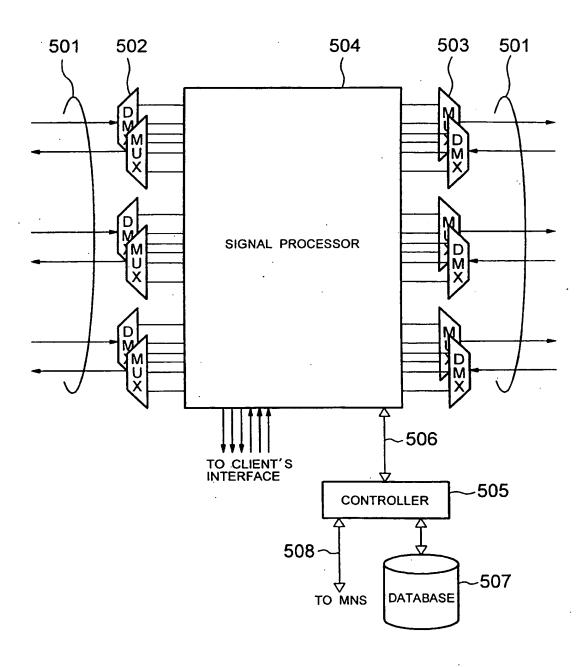
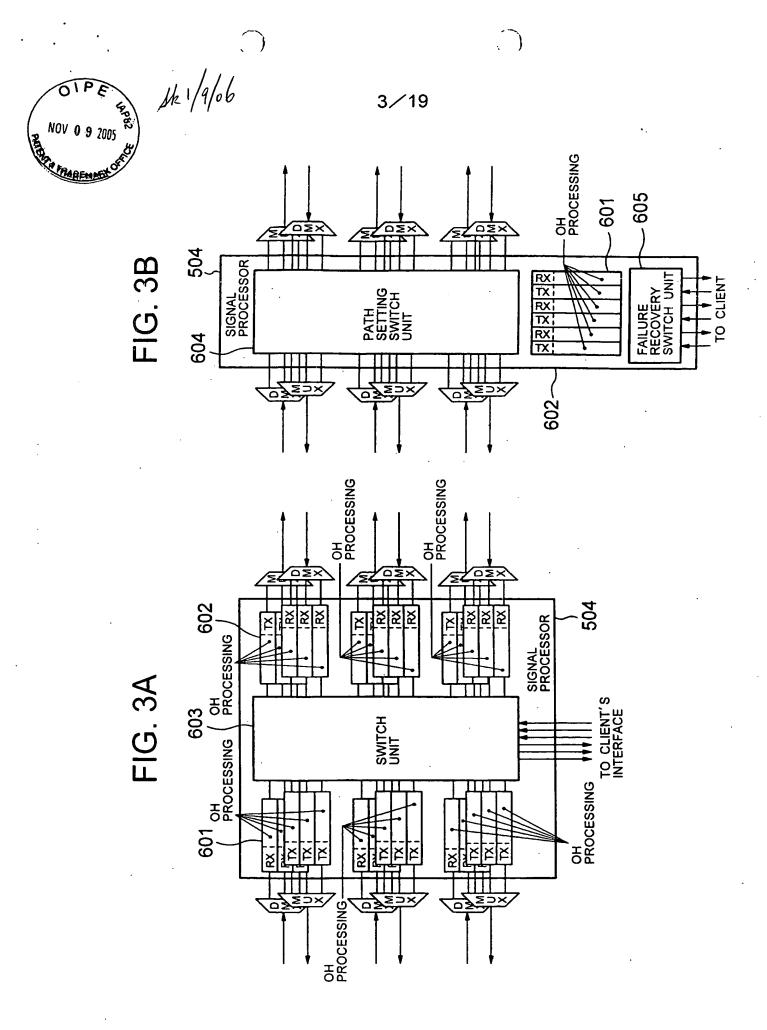
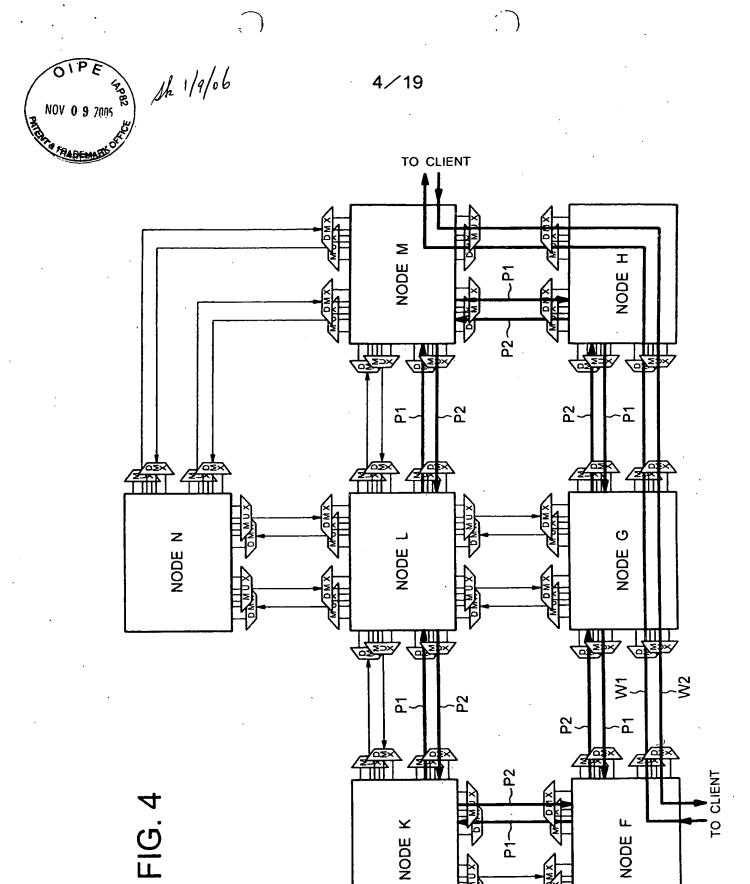
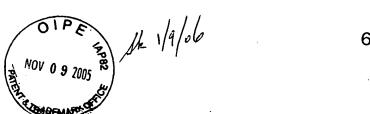


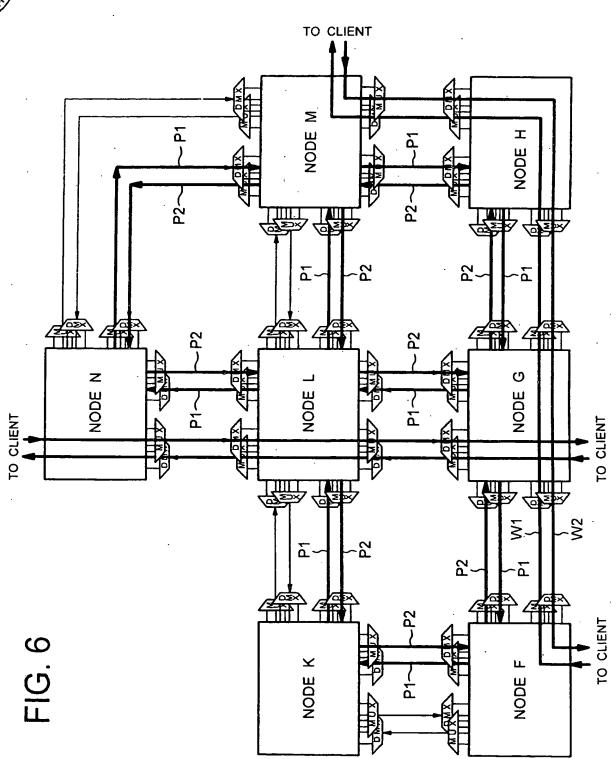
FIG. 2



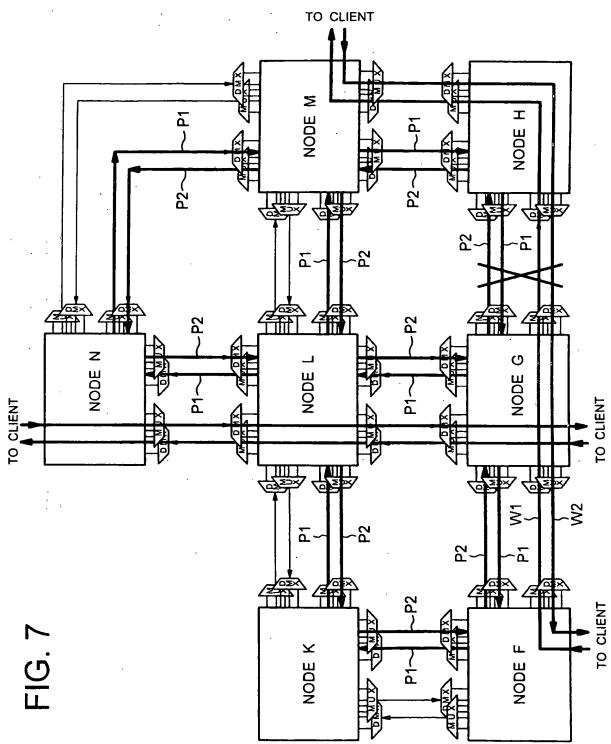


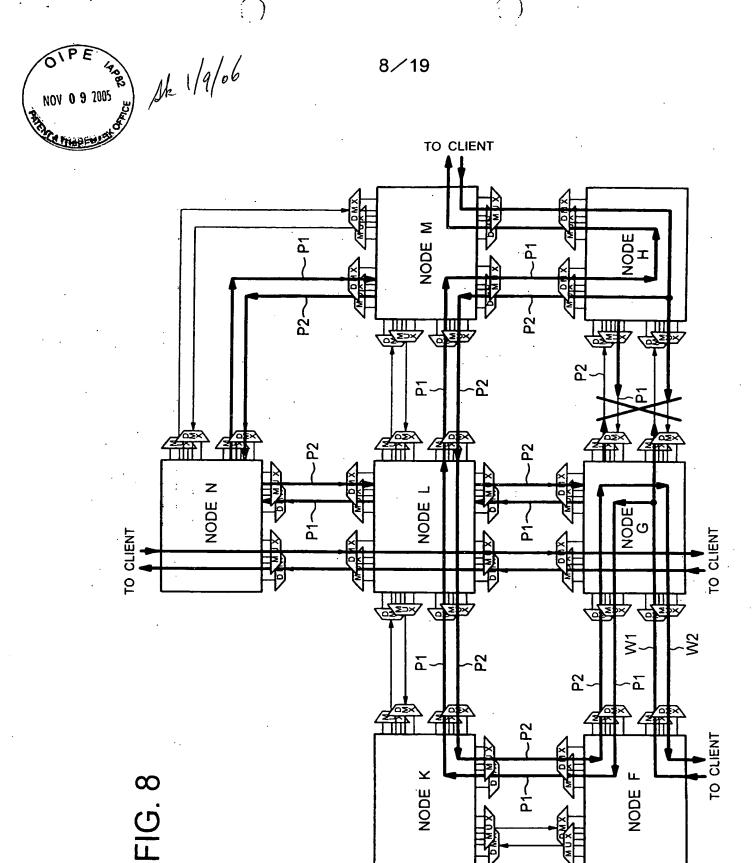


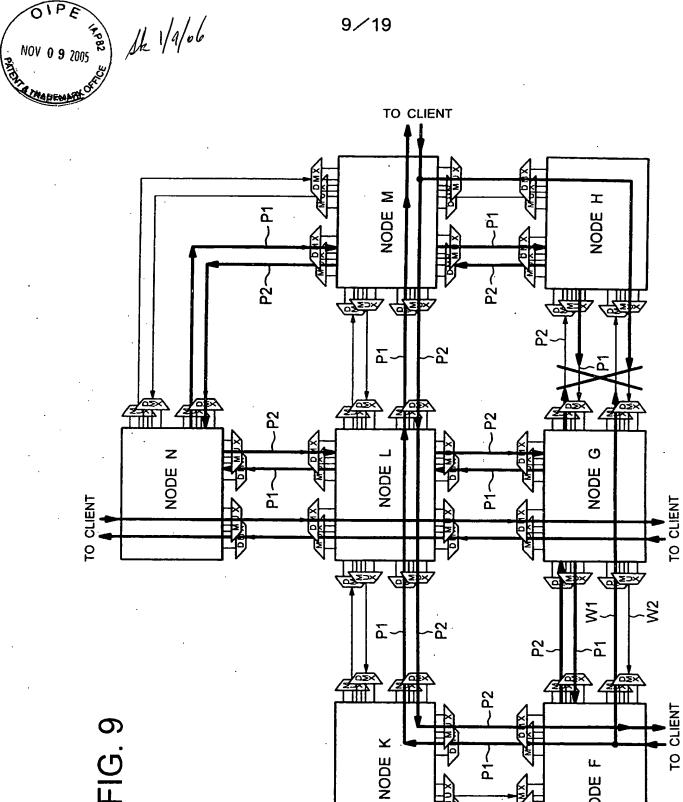












NODE F

FIG. 9



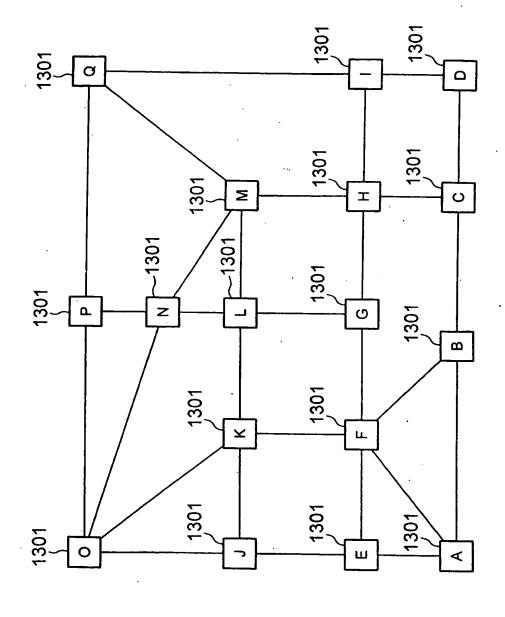


FIG. 10



FIG. 11

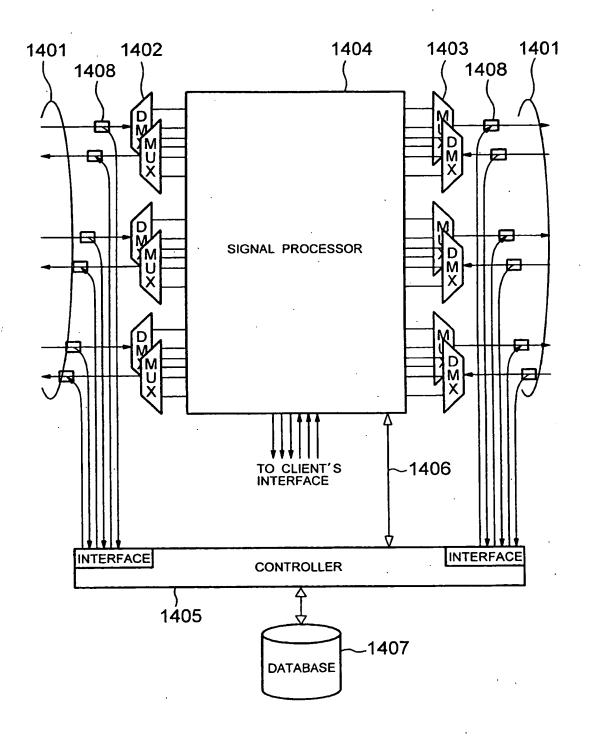


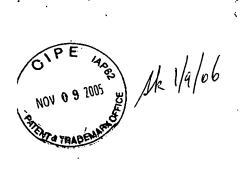


FIG. 12

	LOCAL NODE ID	0	-	2	က	4	5
2	OUTPUT PORT	35	35	47	11	11	23
P2	INPUT	38	2	2	14	26	26
P1	OUTPUT PORT	41	5	5	17	29	29
Р	INPUT	32	32	44	8	8	20
12	OUTPUT PORT		11	11	23		
W2	INPUT PORT	26	26	38			
W1	OUTPUT PORT	29	29	41			
×	INPUT PORT		8	8	20		
	RING LINK INFORMATION	Щ	၁	I	M	٦	エ
	RING ID			4	-		



		W1	11	W2	2	P1	1	P2	2	
RING ID	RING LINK INFORMATION	INPUT	OUTPUT	INPUT	OUTPUT	INPUT	OUTPUT	INPUT	OUTPUT	LOCAL NODE ID
	ц.		29	26		32	41	38	35	0
	ပ	8	29	26	11	32	5	2	35	-
-	I	8	41	38	11	44	5	2	47	2
-	Σ	20			23	8	17	14	11	3
	-					ထ	29	26	11	4
	×					20	29	. 26	23	5
	ı.					32	41	38	35	0
	ဝ					32	5	2	35	-
,	I					44	5	2	47	2
1	Σ		5	2		8	17	14	11	8
		32	5	2	35	8	29	26	11	4
	ㅗ	32			35	20	29	26	23	5



	7	ŀ	•	
•	r)	
_	L	_	•	

		8		W2	.5	Ρ1	1	۵	P2	
	RING LINK INFORMATION	PORT	OUTPUT	INPUT	OUTPUT	INPUT	OUTPUT PORT	INPUT	OUTPUT	LOCAL NODE ID
1	Ŧ		59	26		32	41	38	35	0
	၅	80	29	26	11	32	5	2	35	_
	I	80	41	38	11	44	5	2	47	2
	Z	20	5	2	23	8	17	14	11	3
	٦	32.	5	2	35	8	29	26	11	4
	¥	32			35	20	29	26	23	2
	G	44			47	32	41	38	35	9
	I					32	5	2	47	7
	Σ					44	17.	14	47	80
	Z		17	14		20	29	. 97	23	6
	7	44	17	14	47	20	41	38	23	10

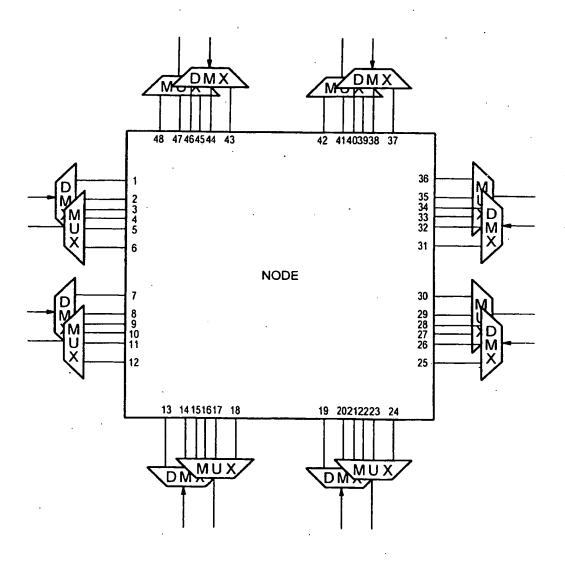


	LOCAL NODE ID	0	-	2	3	4	5	0	-	2
P2	OUTPUT	35	35	47	11	11	23	47	23	11
Ь	INPUT	38	2	2	14	26	26	2	26	14
1	OUTPUT PORT	41	5	5	17	29	29	5	29	17
ρ1	INPUT	32	. 32	44	ω	æ	20	44	20	8
12	OUTPUT PORT		11	11	23	35	35		35	
W2	INPUT	26	26	38	2	2				2
W1	OUTPUT PORT	59	29	41	5	5				5
5	INPUT		8	8	20	32	32		32	
RING LINK INFORMATION		Ŧ	၅	I	Σ		ᅩ	Z	0	٩
	RING ID			~	-				7	

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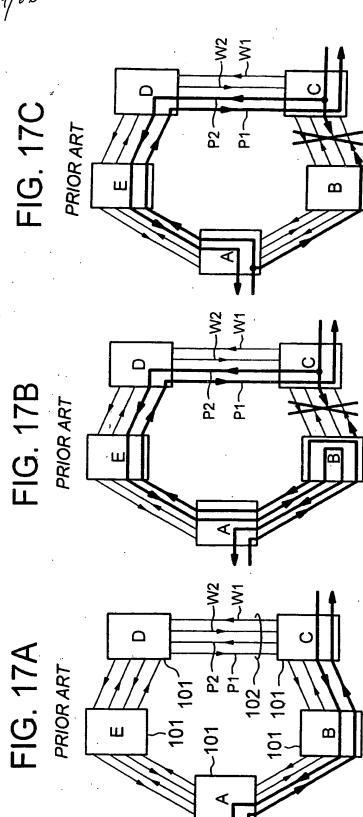


FIG. 16





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FIG. 18

PRIOR ART

